Riva HEAT ONLY

WALL HUNG GAS BOILER FOR CENTRAL HEATING SUPPLY

Please Read Instructions Carefully Save for Future Reference

WARNING: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
 - Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you can not reach your gas supplier call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

Manufactured by:

BIASI

Biasi S.p.A. Verona, Italy Distributed By:

QHT

Quincy Hydronic Technologies, Inc. 80 Rochester AVE. Suite # 12 Portsmouth, NH 03801 Phone: 603-334-6400

Fax: 603-334-6401

Dear Customer:

Thank you for buying a Biasi Riva Heating Only Boiler System.

The Riva Heating Only is a high efficiency, non-condensing, wall mounted gas boiler which provides central heat supply water.

We realize that it is not possible to answer all questions about the Riva boiler system in this manual. Reading this installation manual does not make the reader an expert in all aspects of installation and operation, and does not replace the need for a qualified, licensed heating contractor. We urge you to contact your installing contractor or distributor if you are in question about any aspect of your boiler's performance. Our main concern is that you are satisfied with your boiler and its performance. We require that your contractor complete efficiency tests using instruments.

The external controls and accessories listed in this manual (excluding those supplied inside the boiler) are intended to serve as guidelines rather than specific recommendations. We realize that other makes and models of such devices are available and can be used as successfully as those we specify. The installing contractor is the best judge of a system's specific requirements, as well as the local availability of certain makes and models of controls and accessories. The preceding does not apply, however, to the equipment that comes with every boiler, such as the overheat control and pressure relief valves. The installation of the specific devices supplied with every boiler is absolutely necessary to the safe operation of the boiler and protection of the heating system.

All BIASI wall hung boilers are built in accordance with the ASME boiler and pressure vessel code, and bear the "H" stamp. The Entire range of applications for the Riva boiler has been tested to standard CSA 4.9 and is CSA compliant.

This Riva Heating Only boiler has a 2 year warranty, a copy of which is provided with the boiler. Please be sure to return the warranty registration card as the warranty will be void without your boiler's serial numbers (located on the ratings label affixed to the boiler), date of installation and the name of your installer being on record in our files.

Thank you for purchasing our Riva Heating Only boiler. If you have questions or comments, please don't hesitate to contact us immediately. Our goal is 100% customer satisfaction.

QHT inc.

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WARNING

Boiler is certified as an indoor appliance. Do not install boiler outdoors or locate where it will be exposed to freezing temperatures.

WARNING: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
 - · Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you can not reach your gas supplier call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

DANGER

Caution: Do not store or use flammable materials, chemicals or flammable liquids, especially gasoline, in the vicinity of this heating appliance.

WARNING

Any appliance that burns natural gas, propane gas, fuel oil, wood or coal is capable of producing carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon Monoxide (CO) is a gas which is odorless, colorless and tasteless but is very toxic. CO is lighter than air and thus may travel throughout the building.

BRIEF EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OF CO, OR PROLONGED EXPOSURE TO LESSER AMOUNTS OF CO MAY RESULT IN CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING. EXPOSURE CAN BE FATAL AND EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS MAY RESULT IN THE SUDDEN ONSET OF SYMPTOMS INCLUDING UNCONSCIOUSNESS.

Symptoms of CO poisoning include the following:

dizziness vision problems shortness of breath headache loss of muscle control unclear thinking nausea weakness unconsciousness

The symptoms of CO poisoning are often confused with those of influenza, and the highest incidence of poisoning occurs at the onset of cold weather or during flu season. A victim may not experience any symptoms, only one symptom, or a few symptoms. Suspect the presence of carbon monoxide if symptoms tend to disappear when you leave your home.

The following signs may indicate the presence of carbon monoxide:

- Hot gasses from appliance, venting system pipes or chimney, escaping into the living space.
- Flames coming out around the appliance.
- Yellow colored flames in the appliance
- Stale or smelly air.
- The presence of soot or carbon in or around the appliance.
- Very high unexplained humidity inside the building.

If any of the symptoms of CO occur, or if any of the signs of carbon monoxide are present, VACATE THE PREMISES IMMEDIATELY AND CONTACT A QUALIFIED HEATING SERVICE COMPANY OR THE GAS COMPANY OR THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

ONLY QUALIFIED, LICENSED SERVICE CONTRACTORS SHOULD PERFORM WORK ON YOUR BIASI RIVA HEAT ONLY BOILER.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Please read this page carefully.

- ALL BOILERS MUST BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL, STATE AND LOCAL PLUMBING, HEATING AND ELECTRICAL CODES AND ORDINANCES, AS WELL AS THE REGULATIONS OF THE SERVING **ELECTRICAL, WATER AND GAS UTILITIES.**
- All systems should be designed by competent contractors, and only persons knowledgeable in the layout and installation of heating systems should attempt the installation of any boiler. It is the responsibility of the installing contractor to see that all controls are correctly installed and operating properly when the installation is completed.
- This boiler is intended for use, only with propane or natural gas. All flammable liquids (especially gasoline), chemicals, rags, paper, wood scraps, debris, etc., should be kept away from the boiler at all times. Keep the boiler area clean and free of all fire hazards.
- Please read the literature and warranties supplied by the manufacturers of the various accessory equipment. This equipment is warranted by the respective manufacturers, not by Quincy Hydronic Technologies, Inc. Each piece of equipment must be installed and used according to the recommendations of the manufacturer.

Codes and Regulations:

Installation of the boiler and related equipment must conform to national, state and local regulating agencies and codes applicable to the installation of the equipment. In the absence of local requirements, the following codes apply:

A. ANSI/NFPA - #70 National Electric Code

B. ANSI/NFPA - #211 Chimneys and Vents C. ANSI/NFPA - #Z223.1 National Fuel Gas Code

C. ANSI/NFPA - Domestic Gas Conversion Burner

D. CAN/CGA - B149 Installation Codes

E. ANSI/ASME - CSD-1

The above codes are available from:

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) **Battery March Park** Quincy, Massachusetts, 02269 http://www.nfpa.org

CSA International 8501 E. Pleasant Valley Road Cleveland, OH 44134-5575 http://www.csa-international.org

1. General Information

The Riva Heat Only is a high efficiency, non-condensing, wall mounted gas boiler which provides central heat. The boiler features a gas valve which modulates the energy input from 44,000 BTU/h to 108,000 BTU/h. The boiler is shipped fully assembled with the components listed on page 11. All units are pressure and combustion tested at the factory prior to shipping.

Key Features:

- Wall mountable saving valuable floor space.
- · Several flue options available
- · Electronic spark ignition
- Safety flow switch positioned on the main circuit, which monitors the flow and protects the main heat exchanger from thermal shock should there be a lack of water in the system.
- Frost protection contains an integral frost protection system to prevent frost damage which can occur in areas susceptible to very cold weather conditions.
- Boiler operation recognition system should the boiler not be used for longer than 24 hours, it then performs a controlled system test to ensuring the motorized components within the boiler do not become inoperable due to lack of use.
- Gas valve modulation the gas input modulates based off central heating temperature to within ± 2 °F
- Diagnostic information system equipped with three LED diagnostic lights for quick error assessment.

2. Technical Information (M130.30CR)

GENERAL		
Height	in	27.7
Width	in	15.7
Depth	in	12.8
Weight	lb	79.4

CENTRAL HEATING			
Maximum working temp.	°F	185	
Temp. Regulation range*	°F	100-176	
Maximum pressure	psi	30.0	
Minimum pressure	psi	4.35	
Max head loss (at 4.4 GPM)	ft	10	
*At the minimum useful output			

2. Technical Information Cont.

ENERGY CAPACITY		
Nominal heat input (0/2000ft)	MBH	122.8
Nominal heat input (2000/4500ft)	MBH	116.7
Minimum heat input	MBH	49.5
Maximum useful output (0/2000ft)	MBH	100.7
Maximum useful output (2000/4500ft)	MBH	95.9
Minimum useful output	MBH	37.0

GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE				
Gas		Normal	Min	Max
Natural	inwc	7.0	3.5	10.5
Propane	inwc	11.0	8.0	12.0

GAS PRESSURE AT BURNER				
Gas		Min	Max	Ignition
Natural	inwc	0.8	5.3	2.4
Propane	inwc	1.4	9.0	5.2

FLUE DESIGN		
Minimum Venturi pressure	inwc	0.64
Flue pipe diameter		
Coaxial	in	2.25/4 3.25/5
Twin split pipes	in	3.25/3.25
Nominal heat flow rate (0/2000ft)	MBH	122.8
Nominal heat flow rate (2000/4500ft)	MBH	116.7
Min Exhaust temperature	°F	262
Max Exhaust temperature	°F	324

INJECTORS	No.	Size
Natural	14	130
Propane	14	89

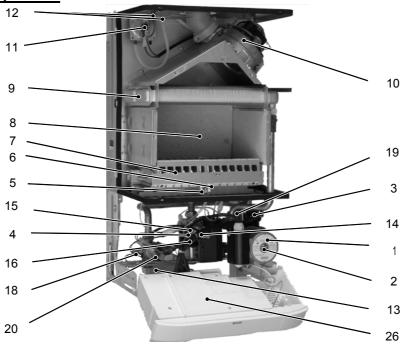
GAS FLOW RATE				
Gas		Min	Max	
Natural	ft³/h	48.7	121.1	
Propane	lb/h	2.23	5.55	

ELECTRICAL		
Voltage	V	120
Frequency	Hz	60
Current	Α	< 1.6
Power consumption	W	176

FLUE GAS FIGURES				
Gas Min Max				
CO ₂	2.5%	7.2%		
O2	16.5%	8.1%		

3. Parts List

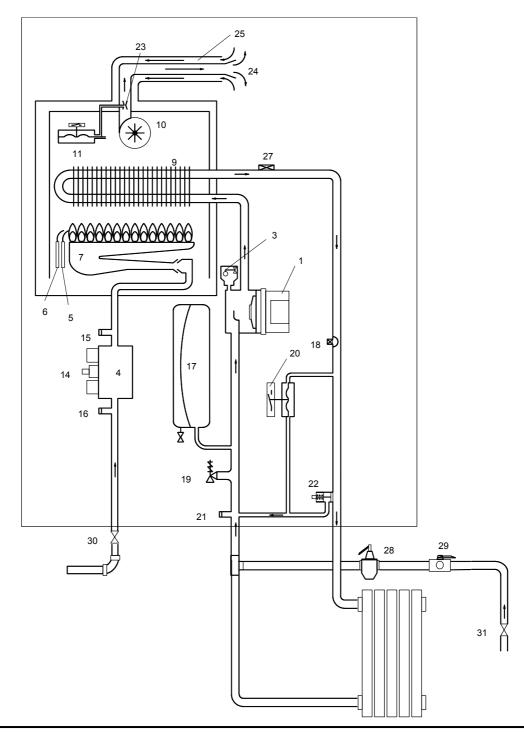
Primary Components:



- 1 Pump
- 2 Pump vent plug
- 3 Automatic air purger valve
- 4 Modulation gas valve
- 5 Flame-detecting electrode
- 6 Ignition electrodes
- 7 Burner
- 8 Combustion chamber
- 9 Primary heat exchanger
- 10 Fan
- 11 Air pressure switch
- 12 Air switch pres. Test points
- 13 Safety thermostat
- 14 Modulation operator
- 15 Gas valve outlet pres. Test point
- 16 Gas valve inlet pres. Test point

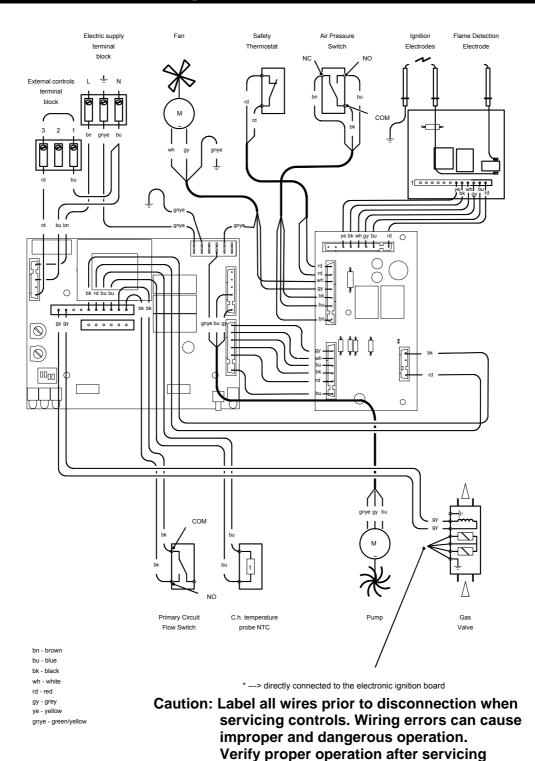
- 17 Central heating expansion vessel
- 18 Central heating temp. Probe NTC
- 19 Central heating pressure relief valve
- 20 Primary circuit flow switch
- 21 Main circuit drain cock
- 22 By-pass valve
- 23 Venturi device
- 24 Flue outlet pipe
- 25 Air Intake Pipe
- 26 Control panel
- 27 Safety thermostat probe
- 28 Pressure reducing automatic fill valve
- 29 Backflow preventer
- 30 Gas supply line cock
- 31 Water supply inlet cock

4. Internal Piping & Parts List



Note: Pressure Relief Valve (#19) should be piped to a drain or to the floor as lose as possible to a drain.

5. Electric Diagrams



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6. Installation Location

The installation location chosen must:

- Comply with all clearances listed below.
- Provide suitable location for the exhaust and intake venting.
- Not be installed in an unheated space.
- Comply with all local codes and standards.

Note: Dimensions shown are minimums. Greater clearances will simplify installation and service.

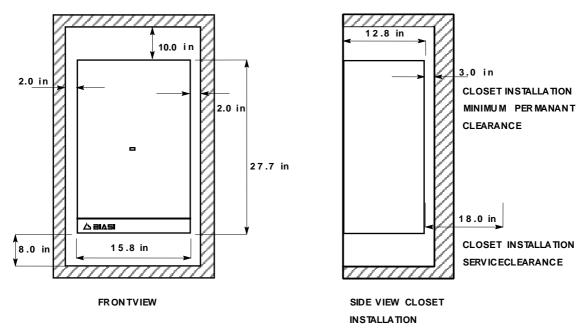


Figure 6.1

WARNING: Do not install the boiler on carpeting

If the boiler is to be installed in an enclosed room with no fresh air intake, the room must have proper vent louvers installed. There should be two louvers, place each within 12" of the ceiling and floor respectively. Each vent will have a free area of 54 square inches.

Note: For boilers in an enclosed space it is recommended to install a CO detector in the boiler room.

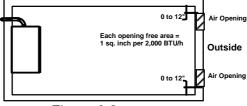


Figure 6.2

When choosing an installation location insure the exhaust and intake pipes comply with NFPA 54. The drawing on the next page illustrates the restrictions on exhaust locations.

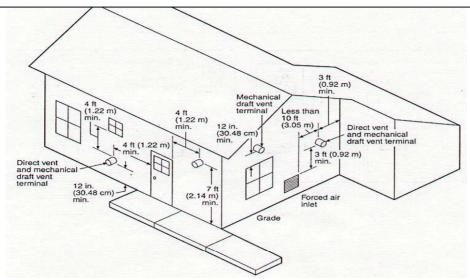
7. Exhaust Pipe Location

CAUTION

EXTERNAL VENT SURFACES ARE HOT.

IT IS RESPONSABILITY OF THE HOMEOWNER TO KEEP THE VENT TERMINAL CLEAR OF SNOW AND ICE

NOTE: USE ONLY LISTED COMPONENTS SUPPLIED WITH THE BOILER. SURFACE DISCOLORATION OF THE BUILDING MAY OCCUR DUE TO IMPROPER INSTALLATION. QHT WILL NOT ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY FOR SUCH DISCOLORATION.



The Exhaust Hood must be installed on the leeward side of house and conform to the following guidelines:

- 1. The Vent hood shall not be less than 3 feet above any forced air inlet to the house.
- 2. The Vent hood shall not be less than 4 feet below, 4 feet horizontally, or 1 foot above any door, window or gravity inlet into any building.
- 3. The Vent hood shall not be less than 2 feet from an adjacent building.
- 4. The Vent hood shall be not less than 7 feet above grade when located adjacent to public walkway.
- 5. The Vent hood shall be located so that flue gasses are not directed to jeopardize people, overheat combustible structures, materials or enter buildings.
- 6. Minimum of 4 feet horizontal clearance from electric meters, gas meters, regulators and relief equipment.
- 7. All joints in system are to be sealed to prevent leakage of products of combustion in the building.
- 8. Avoid installing exhaust hood on the North, West, or the side of the house receiving the prevailing winds.

8. Mounting Bracket

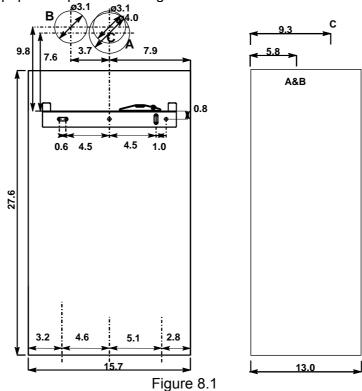
After a suitable installation location is chosen, verify that the mounting wall is properly braced and strong enough to support the 80 pound weight of the unit when filled with water.

NOTE: The boiler shall be installed such that the gas ignition system components are protected from water and liquids in general (dripping, spraying, rain, etc) during the appliance operation and service.

Use the paper template provided with the boiler to determine the location of the mounting bracket. Securely mount the bracket to the wall using appropriate hardware for the particular wall construction.

Mounting Steps:

- **1.** Tape the paper template to the wall in the chosen location. Be sure to level the template.
- **2.** Pre-drill two holes in the center of the "oval" slots on the mounting bracket, sized for the hardware being used.
- 3. Mount the bracket to the wall. Be sure to level the bracket by adjusting the screw in the vertical slot.
- **4.** Pre-drill the remaining hole in the mounting bracket and secure the final screw.
- Mark and drill the exhaust/intake pipe holes through the house. If you are using a coaxial pipe system, drill the hole marked A (Ø 4") in the drawing below and on the paper template. If you are using a separate pipe system drill holes marked B and C (Ø 3.25") shown below as well as on the paper template.
- **6.** Remove paper template and hang boiler on bracket.



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9. Venting

The Riva is a mechanical draft, side wall vented boiler. There are two flue options available - separate and coaxial. The coaxial option has one configuration shown on the next page. The separate option has two possible configurations shown on the following pages.

9.1 Restrictor Sizing:

Each exhaust option is shipped standard with 3 feet of exhaust pipe, 3 feet of intake air pipe. There is also a restrictor kit in which there are some restrictors that must be placed in exhaust breech of fan on the top of the boiler (Fig. 9.1) according to the flue configuration used.

If additional flue piping is need for a particular application, it can be ordered separately in 3 feet increments. Depending on the final flue pipe length, an alternative restrictor may be required. Refer to the tables 9.1 for proper restrictor ring sizing

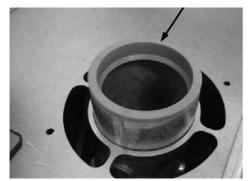


Figura 9.1

Coaxial 2.5/4.0	Restrictor Size
From 1.65 to 3.30 (ft)	41
From 3.30 to 8.86 (ft)	44
Separate 3.25/3.25	Restrictor Size
For 1.65 (in) and 1.65 (out)	38
From 3.30 to 39.40 (in+out)	41

Table 9.1

9.2 Fitting the flue system:

In general, it has to be taken in consideration that the orizontal sections of the flue pipe must have an horizontal sloping not less than 1.5 degree (0.3 in per ft) towards the boiler.

In the standard horizontal flue kit the flue pipe is angled within the air duct therefore the air duct must be horizontally installed.

If one or more exstensions have to be used they must be adequately supported so that there is no sag in the flue pipe and a minimum fall of 1.5 degree (0.3 in per ft) over the whole length towards the boiler is ensured.

9. Venting Cont.

9.3 Choice of flue:

The following flue kits are available for connecting to the boiler:

A Standard coaxial horizontal flue kit (Exhaust & intake outside)

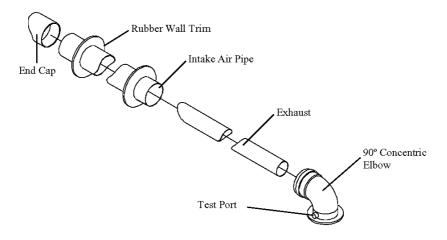


Figure 9.3 (Coaxial 2.4/4.0 inches – nominal lenght 3.3 ft)

It can be fitted to allow discharge to the rear or either side of the boiler via the flanged boiler adapter elbow. Minimum lenght required is 1 ft. Maximum equivalent lenght of 32.8 ft can be achieved utilising extensions. This flue system can only be used to discharge horizontally, it is not designed to enable termination in the vertical plane.

- Drill hole A (on the wall template) through the outside wall.
- Cut the pipe as necessary so that a no more than 6" protrudes from the house.
- Slide the intake and exhaust pipes through the hole.
- Slide one rubber wall trim piece on the pipe from inside and one from outside.
- Connect exhaust (inner) pipe to concentric elbow.
- Connect intake (outer) pipe to concentric elbow.
- Secure elbow to boiler using gasket and four screws provided.
- Secure end cap on the intake pipe outside the house.

9. Venting Cont.

B Standard separate horizontal flue kit (Exhaust & intake outside)

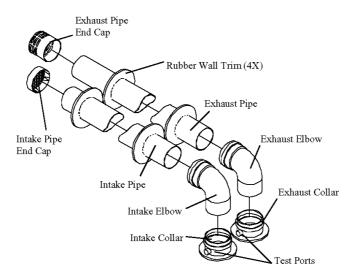


Figure 9.4 (Twin pipe ϕ 3.25 in)

Various twin (split) pipes kits and optional accessories (elbows) are available to assist in the termination of the flue where the boiler is installed in a location remote to an outside wall. These kits allow for separation of the air supply pipe from the pipe that discharges the exhaust gasses. Consequently it is possible to extend the flue system to a greater distance than that provided by the standard coaxial horizontal flue.

If either an additional 45° or 90° accessory elbow is used then the maximum permissible lenght of either pipe must be reduced by 3.0 ft or 5.4 ft respectively. The sum of the lenghts of the two horizontal part must be less than 131 ft.

- Drill holes B & C (on the wall template) through the outside wall.
- Cut the pipes as necessary so that no more than 6" of intake pipe protrudes from the house and the exhaust pipe is a minimum of 4 inches longer than the intake pipe.
- Slide the Intake and exhaust pipes through the respective holes.
- Slide one rubber wall trim piece on each pipe from inside and one from outside.
- Attach each collar to the boiler with the gasket and screws provided.
- · Insert each elbow into its corresponding collar.
- Connect each pipe to its corresponding elbow (as shown in the diagram).
- Secure end cap on the intake and exhaust pipe outside the house.

9. Venting Cont.

C <u>Alternative separate kit (Exhaust outside & intake inside)</u>

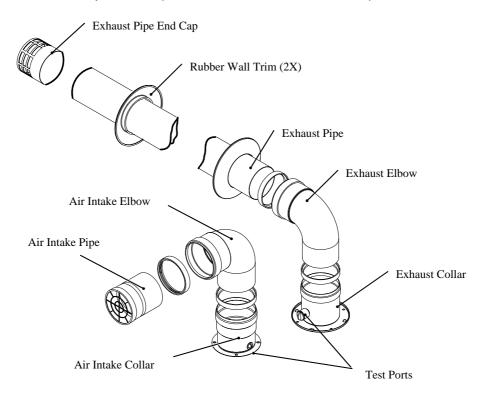


Figure 9.5 (Twin Pipe Φ 3.25 in)

This configuration of the twin pipe kit allows to discharge the exhaust gasses outside. The air supply is obtained with an air intake pipe. This allows to take air from the room where the boiler is installed.

If either an additional 45° or 90° accessory elbow is used then the maximum permissible lenght of either pipe must be reduced by 3.0 ft or 5.4 ft respectively.

Note: When utilizing this option, see page 14 for room ventilation details.

- Drill hole C (on the wall template) through the outside wall.
- Cut the pipe as necessary so that no more than 6" protrudes from the house.
- Slide the exhaust pipe through the hole.
- Slide one rubber wall trim piece on the pipe from inside and one from outside.
- Attach each collar to the boiler with the gasket and screws provided.
- Insert each elbow into its corresponding collar.
- · Connect each pipe to its corresponding elbow.

10. Pipe Connections

The Riva boiler is supplied with a 3/4" stainless steel gas pipe (A in figure 10.1), 2 - 3/4" copper pipe (C,D in figure 10.1), located in a plastic bag in the boiler package.

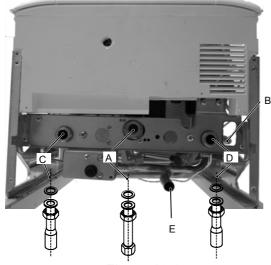


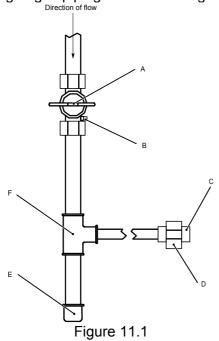
Figure 10.1

- A) Stainless steel gas pipe
- B) Main circuit drain cock
- C) C.h. return copper pipe
- D) C.h. supply copper pipe
- E) C.h. PRV discharge copper pipe

- Remove the protective caps off boiler connections (Figure 10.1).
- Thoroughly clean the connections.
- Attach the supplied components to the boiler connections (see Figures 10.1).
 Be sure to
- use the proper gaskets for the pipe connections.
- Before connecting the boiler to the heating system piping, review the suggested piping diagrams in Section 4 (page 12).
- If the c.h. system is above the boiler level, it is advisable to install c.h. cocks close to the boiler for servicing operation

11. Gas Pipe Connections

Gas supply piping is to be sized and installed properly in order to provide a supply of gas sufficient to meet the maximum demand without undue loss of pressure between the meter and the boiler. Consult with the **National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1** for proper sizing of gas piping for various lengths and diameters.



- A) Manual T-handle Shutoff Valve
- B) Pressure Gauge Port
- C) Flexible Gas Line to Burner
- D) Male Union 3/4" NPT
- E) Pipe Cap
- F) 1" X 1" X 3/4" TEE

Note: Height of valve above ground level to conform to local codes, if any.

Massachusetts statecode requires gas shut off to be a tee handled gas cock.

Locate a drop pipe adjacent to, but not in front of the boiler. Locate a tee (F) in the drop pipe at the same elevation as the gas inlet connection to the boiler. Extend the drop line with a nipple towards the floor and cap to form a sediment trap (E). Install a shut off valve (A) before the tee with sediment trap and a union after the tee before the combination gas valve (D).

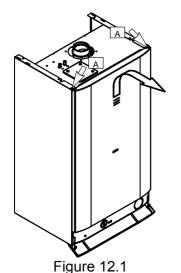
When installing the boiler, make sure a pipe compound resistant to the action of liquefied petroleum is used. Check piping for leaks. Always check leaks with a water and soap solution.

The boiler and its individual shut-off valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping during any pressure testing of that piping at test pressures in excess of ½ psi.

WARNINGS

DO NOT USE A FLAME FOR CHECKING GAS LEAKS

12. Electrical Connections/Wiring



Removing Front Panel:

 Remove the front panel by removing screws A and sliding the front panel up and away from the boiler

12.1 Power Connection:

Removing Side Panel:

Remove screws B

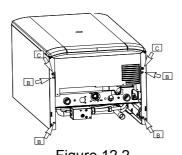
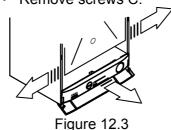


Figure 12.2 Removing Control Panel:

Remove screws C.



- Move the lower part of the side panels (figure 12.3).
- Pull the control panel.
 When completely pulled out, the panel can rotate 45° downward.

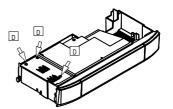


Figure 12.4
Loosen screws D and remove the service panel (Fig. 12.4).

For the electrical connection to the boiler use electric wires which conform to local regulations.

12.2 Connection to the electricity supply:

• Connect the electrical supply cable coming from the fused spur isolation switch to the power supply terminal block of the boiler (as shown in figure 12.5) keeping the same connections for the live wire and the neutral wire.

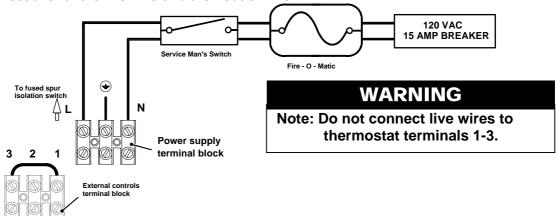


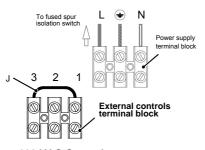
Figure 12.5

• Connect the earth wire(yellow/green). Boiler must be wired directly to earth ground on breaker panel.

12. Electrical Connections/Wiring Cont.

12.3 Room Thermostat Connection:

 The room thermostat must be connected to the terminal block situated next to the control panel



120 VAC Control Terminal Block Figure 12.6

- Any external controls and connection lines must be rated at 120 VAC but under no circumstances should external live voltage be connected to the room thermostat link on the boiler
- When connecting any type of external control, the jumper J in Fig. 12.6 must be removed.
- The room thermostat must be connected to the "Control Terminal Block" (Fig 12.7).

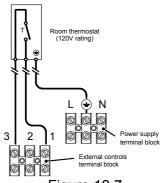
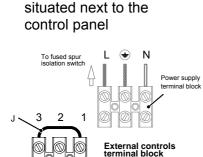


Figure 12.7
Connect the room thermostat between terminals 1 and 3 as shown in Fig. 12.7.

12.4 Relay Panel Connection:

- When connecting any type of relay control, the jumper J in Fig. 12.8 must be removed.
- Connect the dry contact switch of the relay panel to the 120 VAC control terminal block (Fig 12.9).



The relay control must

be connected to the

terminal block

120 VAC Control Terminal Block Figure 12.8

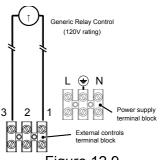


Figure 12.9
Connect the dry contact switch to terminals 1 and 3 shown in Fig. 12.9.

12. Electrical Connections/Wiring Cont.

12.5 Zone Valve Micro Switch Connection:

- The zone valve micro switch must be connected to the terminal block situated next to the control panel
- To fused spur L N Power supply terminal block

 J 3 2 1 External controls terminal block

 120 VAC Control
 Terminal Block
 Figure 12.10
- Route the electrical supply cord and the external control cord as illustrated in Fig. 12.12

 When connecting the zone valve switch, the jumper J in Fig. 12.10 must be removed.

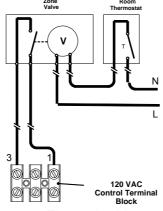
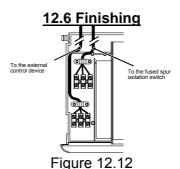


Figure 12.11

- Connect the micro switch of the zone valve to terminals 1 and 3 as shown in figure 12.11
- Connect the zone valve switch to the room thermostat as shown in figure 12.11



- Lock the cords in place with the flexible cord clamps.
- Replace the control panel reversing the steps on page 23.

13. Circulator Sizing

13.1 Circulator capacity as a function of flow rate:

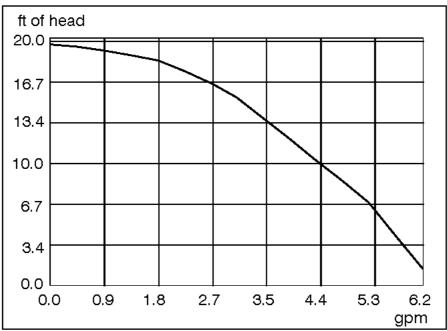


Figura 13.1

The hydraulic specification in Fig 13.1 represent the pressure (available head for the central heating system) as a function of the flow rate. The pressure loss due to the internal piping in the boiler has already been substracted.

When determining proper piping of the heating system, verify that the internal boiler circulator will overcome the head loss of the system at the designed flow rate using the graph above.

If the internal circulator is **adequate**, direct system piping can be utilized. See section 4 page 12 for suggested direct supply/return piping.

If the internal circulator is **inadequate**, a secondary circulator must be utilized. See sections 14 for suggested primary/secondary piping.

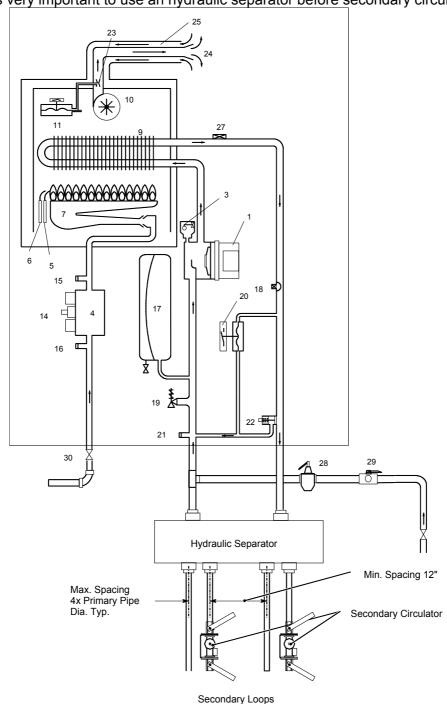
13.2 Expansion vessel:

The height difference between the C.h. PRV (19 on page 11) and the highest point in the system may be 23 ft at most. For greater differences, increase the pre-load pressure in the C.h. expansion vessel (17 on page 11) and the system when cold, by 0.1 bar for additional 3.3 ft. For systems with volumes greater than 154l, an additional expansion vessel must be provided.

14. Piping

14.1 Primary - Secondary Piping:

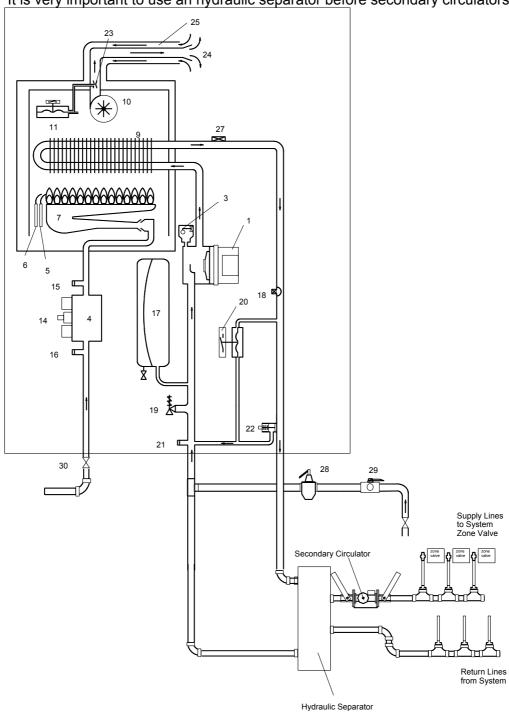
All external piping components are to be supplied by the installer. It is very important to use an hydraulic separator before secondary circulators.



14. Piping Cont.

14.2 Primary - Secondary Piping with Zone Valves:

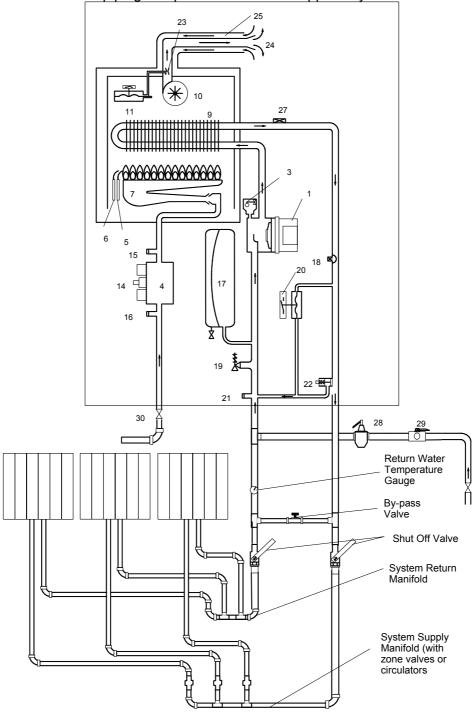
All external piping components are to be supplied by the installer. It is very important to use an hydraulic separator before secondary circulators.



14. Piping Cont.

14.3 Manifold Piping with Zone Valves or Circulators (shown conn. to radiators):

All external piping components are to be supplied by the installer.



15. Commissioning

- Remove the front panel of the case.
- Unscrew the cap on the automatic air purger valve 3 (Fig 15.1) one full turn and leave open permanently.



Figure 15.1
• Open the installer supplied automatic fill valve between the cold water inlet and Central Heating System (See 28 on piping diagrams in previous section).

15.1 Initial filling of the system:

- Open each radiator air vent starting at the lower point and close it only when clear water, free of bubbles, flows out.
- Purge the air from the pump by unscrewing the pump plug 2 (Fig. 15.2); release the pump by turning the rotor in the direction indicated by the arrow on the information plate.



figura 15.2
• Close the pump plug.

- Continue filling the system. The actual reading should ideally be 1.3 bar (19 psi) and not less than 0.3 bar (4.3 psi).
- Close all air release valves on the c.h. system.
- Inspect the boiler and the system for water soundness and remedy any leaks discovered.
- Cold flush the system to remove any loose particles and any system debris before starting the boiler for the first time.
- Reassemble the front panel of the case.
- Return fill valve to automatic position.

15.2 Lighting the boiler:

Note: If external controls are fitted (e.g. room thermostat) ensure they "call for heat".

• Turn on the electricity seconds.

- Turn on the electricity supply to the boiler, switching on the circuit breaker switch. The appliance operation light A will flash every 4
- Turn the function selector B as in Fig. 15.3. The appliance operation light A will flash every 2 seconds.

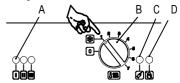


Figure 15.3

The boiler will now go through an ignition sequence and the burner will light. If during the ignition attempt period the boiler fails to light, the full sequence co

If during the ignition attempt period the boiler fails to light, the full sequence control p.c.b. will go to lockout and the lock-out signal lamp D will appear.

To reset the boiler turn the knob B (figure 15.3) on the 0 position and then press and release the boiler reset button C (Fig. 15.3).

15.3 Checking the gas pressure at the burner:

This boiler has been tested to the highest quality control standards.

The maximum and minimum gas pressures are already set during this quality control process however the checking procedure must be followed to ensure maximum operating efficiency from the boiler.

- Remove the front panel of the case.
- Loosen the internal screw 15 (Figure 15.4) on the Outlet Pressure Test Point of the Gas Valve and connect a pressure gauge using a suitable hose.

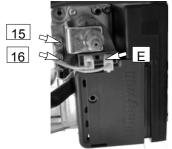


Figure 15.4
• Set the c.h.
temperature control
knob to its maximum
position. If external
controls are

- fitted (e.g. room thermostat) ensure they "call for heat".
- Switch on the boiler.
- Check the maximum gas pressure and compare the value on the gauge with the value indicated in the Section 2 on page 10 (gas pressures at the burner).
- Check the maximum gas flow at the gas meter and compare the value indicated in the section 2 on page 10 (gas flow rate).
- · Switch off the boiler.
- Disconnect the gas modulator coil by

- removing the electrical connector E (Figure 15.4).
- Switch on the boiler.
- Check the minimum gas pressure and compare the value on the gauge with the value indicated in the Section 2 on page 10 (gas pressures at the burner).
- Switch off the boiler and re-connect the electrical connector E to the modulator coil.
- Switch on the boiler.
- Check that the boiler lights up uniformly.
- Switch off the boiler, turn off the hot water taps and disconnect the pressure gauge.

Important: after the checks all of the test points must be sealed.

15.4 Adjustment of the gas pressure:

- Remove the front panel of the case.
- Open the gas valve inlet pressure test point (16 in Fig. 15.5) at the valve input, connect a suitable pressure gauge and check the gas pressure of the supply network.
- Remove the gauge and close the pressure test point 16.
- Open the gas valve outlet pressure test point (15 in Fig. 15.5) and connect the gauge.

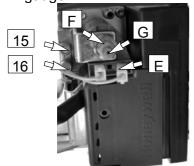


Figure 15.5

- Remove the protection cap I (Fig. 15.6) from the mechanical pressure adjustment components levering with a flat screwdriver in the slots H.
- Start the boiler at its maximum power.

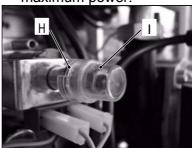


Figure 15.6

- Ensure that the boiler is not range rated.
- Rotate the maximum gas pressure adjustment (F in Fig. 15.5) until you obtain the required pressure (by rotating clockwise the pressure increases).

- Turn the boiler off and disconnect one of the two connectors (E in Fig. 15.5).
- Start the boiler and rotate the minimum gas pressure adjustment (G in Fig. 15.5) until you obtain the required pressure (by rotating clockwise the pressure increases).
- Turn the boiler off and re-connect the wire to the modulating operator.
- Start the boiler and check again the maximum gas pressure setting.
- Turn the boiler off and disconnect the gauge.

Important: after the checks all of the test points must be sealed.

15.5 Checking the ignition device:

With the burner on high flame close the gas cock. After three ignition attempts (within about three minutes), the lock-out signal lamp must appear (D on Figure 15.3). To reset the boiler turn the knob B (figure 15.3) on the 0 position and then press and release the boiler reset button (C on Figure 15.3).

- · Turn the boiler OFF.
- Open the gas valve outlet pressure test point 15 (figure 15.5) and connect the gauge.
- Turn the boiler ON positioning the function selector B in the position shown in figure 15.7 and ensure that the room thermostat is set to "heat demand".

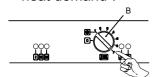
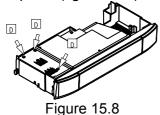


Figure 15.7
 Loosen screws D and remove the service panel (figure 15.8).



15.6 Checking the burner ignition:

- Watch the gauge and check to see if the ignition pressure registerd corresponds to the values given in the Technical Data. Turn off the boiler and reignite it by turning the function selector B to the 0 position and then back to that indicated in figure 15.7.
- Repeat this process two to three times leaving 30 second intervals between each ignition. Check the ignition pressures and visually check that the burner lights uniformly and in a controlled manner.
- To carry out the adjustment move the function selector 3 to the OFF position (Fig. 15.9) and use the device (ACC).

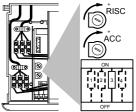


Figure 15.9

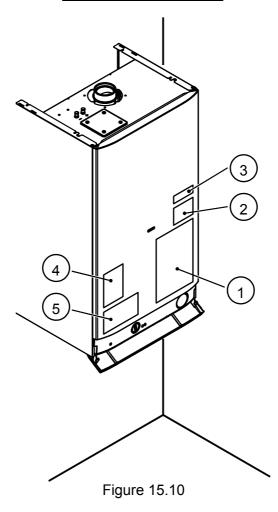
- Adjust the gas pressure at the injectors to the value indicated in the tables of section 2. By rotating the device clockwise the pressure increases.
- After the adjustment operations bring the selector 3 of figure 15.9 back to the normal position (ON).
- Reassemble the service panel.
- Close the gas valve outlet pressure test point 15 (figure 15.5).
- Reassemble the front pannel of the case.

Important: after the checks all of the test points must be sealed.

15.7 Adjustment of the useful c.h. output:

- · Turn the boiler OFF.
- Open the gas valve outlet pressure test point 15 (figure 15.5) and connect the gauge.
- Turn the boiler ON positioning the function selector B in the position shown in figure 15.7 and ensure that the room
- thermostat is set to "heat demand".
- Loosen screws D and remove the service panel (figure 15.8).
- To carry out the adjustment use the adjustment device (RISC) with the help of a screwdriver.
- By rotating the device clockwise the pressure increases.
- Adjust the gas pressure at the burner to the value according to the useful c.h. output wanted (Tab. 15.1).
- Reassemble the service panel.
- Close the gas valve outlet pressure test point 15 (figure 15.5).
- Reassemble the front pannel of the case.

15.8 Labels placement:



Warning: The installation is not complete unless labels supplied are placed on the boiler as shown in Figure 15.10.

All the labels supplied with the boiler are numbered for reference. According to Figure 15.10 place all the labels on the boiler. Use label numbered as 1 (already installed in the front panel) to begin the placement in the correct way.

15.9 Checking the flue system and combustion:

- The flue system should be visually checked for soundness. Check all clamps, gaskets and fixings are secure and tight.
- Ensure that the flue terminal is sited correctly in accordance with the flue fitting instructions.

To check the exhaust gas:

- Remove the plugs indicated (Fig. 15.11).
- Insert the analyzer probe in the exhaust gas sampling point or in the air intake sampling point.
- Reference tables are given in the Sections 2 on page 10 of this manual for proper CO2 levels.

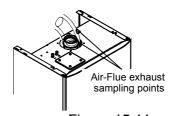


Figure 15.11

15.10 Instructing the user:

- Hand over the User manual, this Installation, Operation and Service manual to the end user and explain how to use the unit in Central Heating mode.
- Take the User step by step through the lighting instructions.
- Show the User how to switch off the appliance quickly and indicate the position of the electric service switch and the boiler on/off switch.
- Explain the proper use and adjustment of all system controls; this will ensure the greatest possible safety and fuel economy.
- Explain the function and use of the function switch.
- Explain how to turn off the appliance for both short and long periods and advise on the precautions necessary to prevent damage should the appliance be inoperative when freezing conditions may occur.
- Fill in the details required on the Boiler Guarantee Certificate and hand to the User advising them to return the correct section for boiler Guarantee registration. Finally, advise the User that, for continued safe and efficient operation, the appliance must be serviced by a competent person at least once a year.

Useful output	KW	10.8	12.0	14.0	17.0	20.0	23.0	26.0	29.5
Oserui output	Kcal/h	9288	10320	12040	14620	17200	19780	22360	25370
	Pa	220	250	330	470	640	830	1050	1330
Natural	inwc	0.88	1.00	1.32	1.89	2.57	3.33	4.22	5.34
	m³/h	48.7	53.0	60.7	72.4	84.0	96.0	107.7	121.1
	Pa	360	420	560	800	1080	1400	1760	2230
Propane	inwc	1.45	1.69	2.25	3.21	4.34	5.62	7.06	8.95
	lb/h	2.2	2.4	2.8	3.3	3.9	4.4	4.9	5.5

Tab 15.1

16. Gas Conversion

WARNINGS: Procedures to adapt the boiler to the type of gas available must be carried out by a competent and responsible person. Components used to adapt it to the type of gas available must be genuine parts only.

Procedures:

- Check that the gas cock (30 on Section 4) fitted on the gas supply pipe is turned off and the appliance is switched off at the circuit breaker.
- Remove the front and side panels of the case (see the section 17.2 Annual Maintenance -Dismantelling the External Panels).
- · Take off the lid of the sealed chamber.
- Remove the front panel of the combustion chamber.

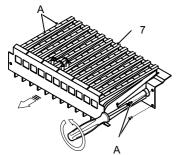


Figure 16.1

- Loosen the screws A and remove the burner 7 (Figure 16.1).
- Carry out the conversion for the

- type of gas, replacing the burner injectors correctly.
- Re-assemble the burner, the front panel of the combustion chamber and the lid of the sealed chamber.
- Extract the control panel as explained in the section 12.1 of this manual.
- Loosen the screws D and remove the service panel (figure 16.2)

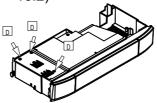


Figure 16.2

Set correctly the dipswitch "2" to the correct position (Fig. 16.3) in accordance with the following table.

Gas supply	Position of the switch 2		
Natural gas	On		
L.P.G.	Off		

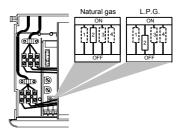


Figure 16.3

- Close the service panel.
- Turn on the boiler.
- Calibrate the gas valve according to the instructions given in section 15.4 of this manual.
- Set the correct gas pressure for central heating output required.
- Stick on the inside of the left hand side panel adjacent to the data badge the selfadhesive label (included with the conversion kit) indicating the type of gas, and the gas pressures to which the appliance has been set.
- Reassemble the front and side panels of the case.

17. Annual Maintenance

17.1 Warnings:

The procedures detailed in this chapter must be carried out only by a professionally qualified person. Thus you are advised to contact an Authorised Service Agent. For efficient and continuous operation of the boiler you are advised to have, at least once a year, maintenance and cleaning done by an Approved Service Person. Isolate the appliance from the electricity supply by turning off the fused spur isolation switch adjacent to the appliance and turn off the gas cock, before carrying out any procedures, whatsoever, for cleaning, maintenance, opening or dismantling boiler panels.

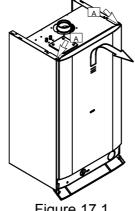
17.2 Dismanteling the external panels:

Front Panel:

- · Loosen the screws A (Fig. 17.1)
- · Lift and remove the panel.

Side Panels:

· Loosen the screws B (Figure 17.2). Bring the bottom of the panels away from the boiler and lift them, freeing them from the top hooks.



BC Figure 17.2

Figure 17.1

17.3 Emptying the Central Heating System:

- Close the pressure reducing automatic fill valve (28 on Section 4)
- Open the central heating drain cock (F in Fig. 17.3).
- Empty the c.h. system.
- Close the central heating drain cock (F in Fig. 17.3).
- Open the pressure reducing automatic fill valve (28 on Section 4)

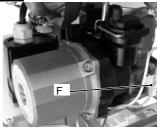


Figure 17.3

17.4 Cleaning the primary heat exchanger:

Take off the front panel of the case, then the sealed chamber lid and the front panel of the combustion chamber.

If you notice dirt on the fins of the primary heat exchanger (9 on page 10), cover the sloping surfaces of the burner (7 on page 10) entirely in a protective layer (sheets of newspaper or similar). Brush out the primary heat exchanger (9 on page 10) with a bristle paintbrush.

17. Annual Maintenance Cont.

17.5 Checking the pressurization in the expansion vessel:

Empty the central heating system as described in section 17.3 of this chapter and check that the pressure in the expansion vessel is not less than 1 bar (14.5 psi). See also section 13.2 page 26 of this manual. If the pressure should be lower, take steps to correct the pressure level.

17.6 Cleaning the burner:

The sloping and multi-gas type burner (7 on page 11) does not need special maintenance, but it is sufficient to dust it with a bristle paintbrush.

17.7 Checking the flue:

Have the integrity of the flue outlet pipe (24 on page 12) air intake pipe (25 on page 12), checked periodically, the venturi device (23 on page 12) cleaned and the efficiency of the flue safety circuit checked at least once a year. For all the above maintenance operations it is advisable to call an approved Service Engineer.

To check the pressure at the venturi device, use the test points (12 on page 11).

- Remove the caps of the pressure test points and connect a differential pressure gauge.
- Switch on the boiler
- Compare the value on the gauge with the minimum values of venturi pressure indicated in the Section 2 on page 10.

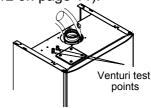


Figure 17.4

17.8 Visual inspection of appliance:

Visually inspect all water joints, seals and connections for any evidence of leakage and retighten, grease or replace them as necessary.

17.9 Gas pressures and soundness:

Check appliance for gas soundness. Recheck operational pressures and adjust as necessary as described in Section 15.4 page 32 of this manual.

18. Installer Notes

er Model No		Serial No	
inal Purchaser:		Installer:	
Performance	e Tests:		
	GROSS STACK	TEMPERATURE	
	ROOM TEMPER	RATURE (AMBIENT)	
	NET STACK TE	MPERATURE	
		CO2	
		O2	
	SI	MOKE READING	
	COMBUS	STION EFFICIENCY	
COMMENTS			

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